100 學年度全國公私立高級中學
學科能力測驗模擬考試

英文考科

—作答注意事項—

考試範圍：第 1 ～ 3 冊
考試時間：100 分鐘
題型題數：
第壹部分
・單選題共 56 題
第貳部分
・非選擇題共 2 大題
作答方式：
・選擇題用 2B 鉛筆在「答案卡」上作答，修正時應以橡皮擦拭，切勿使用修正液（帶）。
・非選擇題請在「答案卷」上作答，務必使用筆尖較粗之黑色墨水的筆書寫，且不得使用鉛筆。更正時，可以使用修正液（帶）。

祝考試順利
第壹部分：单选题（占72分）
一、词彙（占15分）

1. For Taiwanese boys, the _____ for military service are required after they complete their education.
   (A) capability  (B) inclination (C) potential  (D) enrollment

2. To avoid the paparazzi, the famous actress _____ herself as one of the waitresses to get into the restaurant.
   (A) disguised  (B) considered (C) pretended  (D) substituted

3. Scientists revealed that the ocean covers _____ seventy-one percent of the Earth’s surface.
   (A) roughly  (B) annually (C) relatively  (D) predictably

4. Amy always looks so healthy and fit! I _____ that she works out at least three times a week.
   (A) confine  (B) decline (C) assume  (D) permit

5. Because of my _____ of one subtle point in the formula, my calculation turned out to be incorrect.
   (A) estimation (B) negotiation (C) dissolver  (D) ignorance

6. People who violate the law must face _____ punishments for their misdoings.
   (A) oriental  (B) severe (C) reckless  (D) ethnic

7. In order to save the planet, we need to develop a more eco-friendly way to _____ of our garbage.
   (A) dispose  (B) maintain (C) provoke  (D) abandon

8. We all believe that Tom is the best _____ for CEO in the company. He will definitely win our votes.
   (A) trademark (B) statesman (C) resident  (D) candidate

9. Ted was diagnosed with leukemia when he was six. The _____ disease made him ill for most of his living years.
   (A) miserable  (B) immense (C) chronic  (D) deadly

10. Today, many languages are written _____ from the right to the left, such as Hebrew and Arabic.
    (A) horizontally (B) effectually (C) vertically  (D) previously

11. It is best that you call the hotel to _____ your reservation before you leave for England.
    (A) monitor  (B) remind (C) operate  (D) confirm

12. Many centuries ago, people insisted that it was the sun that _____ around the Earth, not vice versa.
    (A) prevailed  (B) revolved (C) conceived  (D) bleached

13. In the past, people who had fallen ill of plague would be abandoned and separated from the others in case of _____.
    (A) indifference (B) infection (C) indication  (D) imitation

14. Before entering the night club, the manager would check your _____ card to make sure you are over 18 and legally qualified.
    (A) orphanage (B) identification (C) permission  (D) lawmaker
15. I am taught to be ______ of exaggerated claims made by salesclerks in case of being tricked.
   (A) skeptical  (B) optimistic  (C) comparable  (D) rigorous

What's the latest trend among teenagers today? Today, teens spend over 8 hours per day on
media entertainment, namely the Internet, television, and cell phones. With the growing popularity
of 3G technologies, it seems that ______ of the kids has his/her very own widescreen iphones that
access the Internet. This advanced function has ______ changed the way kids interact socially.
Today, teenagers rarely spend lovely afternoons picnicking in the park and chatting with their friends.
______ , they would text and use online messaging as means of communication. Teens have found
joy in these multi-media devices; however, this addiction has caused plenty of problems for their
parents. Mothers complain that they find their children ______ in bed all day long on the phone. Fathers report that it is as if their children ______ on another plant, using a completely different communication means. Nowadays, parents might have
to learn how to text to better communicate with their kids.

16. (A) each  (B) every  (C) all  (D) none
17. (A) merely  (B) slightly  (C) greatly  (D) scarcely
18. (A) Likewise  (B) Additionally  (C) Nonetheless  (D) Rather
19. (A) lie  (B) lying  (C) laid  (D) lay
20. (A) live  (B) are living  (C) were living  (D) have lived

The American alligator is a large-sized predatory reptile which can be found either on land or in
the water. They are generally found in dead waters, such as the swamps, marshes, and ______ streams
along the eastern U.S. coast from North Carolina to Texas. They are very adaptive species that ______
a wide range of creatures. Babies eat insects, small fish, and frogs while adults eat small mammals,
such as dogs, cats and pigs. Mother alligators are very protective of their offspring, never ______
their babies leave their side.

21. (A) slow-moving  (B) slow-moved  (C) fast-paced  (D) fast-pacing
22. (A) grow out of  (B) belong to  (C) feed on  (D) live up to
23. (A) let  (B) to let  (C) will let  (D) letting
24. (A) Since  (B) Though  (C) Unless  (D) Except
25. (A) Similar to  (B) Instead of  (C) Compared with  (D) Opposed to
Professionalism is not restricted to office type jobs. Being professional simply means trying to do your job to the best _____ your ability. This description can be adapted to all walks of lives. There are three main elements commonly _____ for to check if you are a professional — attitude, integrity, and excellence. The key to becoming pros lies in one’s working attitude. Professionals must keep in mind that the customer, _____ their social statuses, should always be treated as royalty. Second, professional integrity means making all your effort to complete your job to the fullest. Also, by reflecting on and self-examining our work performances in a more _____ way, we can learn and improve from our mistakes. Finally, you _____ perfection and are constantly trying your best to improve yourself. This action is the practice of professional excellence.

26. (A) despite  (B) within  (C) through  (D) from
27. (A) have used  (B) using  (C) used  (D) be used
28. (A) by no means  (B) in spite  (C) in terms of  (D) regardless of
29. (A) subjective  (B) objective  (C) destructive  (D) perspective
30. (A) strive for  (B) come up with  (C) stand up for  (D) disagree with

三、文意選填（占 10 分）

說明：第 31 至第 40 題，每題一個空格，請依文意在文章後所提供的 (A) 到 (J) 選項中分別
選出最適當者，並將其英文字母代號抄記在答案卡之「選擇題答案區」。各題答
對得 1 分；未作答、答錯、或答記多於一個選項者，該題以零分計算。

Beyoncé Giselle Knowles, known to the world by the mononym Beyoncé, is a multitasked
singer, actress, and fashion designer. Since childhood, Beyoncé had been a _____ contestant in
various singing and dancing competitions. In 1993, the singer became a _____ name as the lead
singer of one of the world’s best R&B girl groups, Destiny’s Child. However, the group only _____
to last for eight years. After releasing their final album, Eight Days of Christmas, Destiny’s Child
publicized a statement to _____ solo careers.

In 2003, Knowles was _____ promote her debut solo album Dangerously in Love, which came
out to be a five Grammy Awards winner of that year. To date, she has won a total of 16 Grammy
Awards, a _____ that has not yet to be challenged. Apart from an award winning singer, Beyoncé
is also a talented actor. Her Hollywood movie Dreamgirls earned her a Golden Globe _____.
As someone who is _____ fashion and recognized as one of the best-dressed celebrity, in 2006, Beyoncé
_____ a fashion line with her mother, Tina Knowles, who is also a famous clothes designer and hair
stylist. In 2010, Beyoncé _____ first on Forbes list of the Most Powerful and Influential
musicians in the world, and second of the 100 Most Powerful and Influential celebrities in the world.

(A) fond of  (B) managed  (C) household  (D) triumph  (E) pursue
(F) nomination  (G) frequent  (H) keen to  (I) ranked  (J) launched

四、閱讀測驗（32 分）

說明：第 41 項至第 50 題，每題 4 個選項，請分別根據各篇文章之文意選出最適當的一個
答案，並記在答題卡之「選擇題答案區」。各題答對得 2 分；未作答、答錯、或
答記多於一個選項者，該題以零分計算。
Holidays are for palatable feasts and splendid gifts. However, almost everyone has the experience of receiving a “not-so-fabulous” present: a basket filled with flower fragrant candles, coffee mugs, picture frames, tea sets, and, the most horrifying of all — a fruitcake without an expiration date! We often get dispensable gifts of absolutely no use, but rather than taking them to the dumpster or boxing them in the basement, we should give re-gifting a try. Don’t be dumbstruck and insulted! Re-gifting, also known as white elephant gift exchanges, is not taken as either tacky or rude. In fact, this practice is quite commendable provided that your intentions are proper. For example, what if someone gives you a luxurious set of bath accessories when you don’t even have a tub in your suite? Why not pass them on to a friend who is fond of long bubble baths? They would surely cherish and make great use of this once useless present. To praise this brilliant gift-giving custom, eBay even defined December 26 to 30 as the “National Re-gifting Week.” During this week, people can upload their dispensable items on its official site in exchange for something they lack.

Just make sure to comply with the golden rules of re-gifting. Always give the item to someone who would appreciate it! That is, never re-gift a coffee machine to someone who can’t take caffeine, or send a horror DVD to someone who is afraid of ghosts. Second, it is a must to preserve the gift in its original package. If the item comes with a guidebook or an instruction brochure, make sure they are affixed to the box. Among other things, before giving out the surprise, remember to rewrap the gift and remove the original gift card. Finally, avoid re-gifting something that is too personal, such as homemade presents and customized jewelry, particularly those with your name engraved on it. It is believed that by sticking to these dos and don’ts, your unwanted items would finally find homes they belong to.

41. What does the phrase “white elephant” in line 6 mean?
   (A) A unique elephant born white.       (B) A brilliant breeding technique.
   (C) A tacky way to exchange gifts.      (D) A beautiful but useless item.

42. According to the passage, people can get rid of their unwanted gifts simply by _______.
   (A) re-gifting the items back to the giver as a holiday revenge
   (B) donating the presents to the poor and the homeless
   (C) rewrapping the items and give it to friends who would appreciate them
   (D) throwing the gifts into the trash or boxing them in the basement

43. What do people do during “National Re-gifting Week”?
   (A) Sell unwanted gifts on the Internet for money.
   (B) Post pictures of what they want for holidays on the Net.
   (C) Cherish the friends who give them unwanted gifts.
   (D) Exchange unwanted gifts online for something useful.

44. According to the article, what breaks the principals of re-gifting?
   (A) Keep the gift in its original package.
   (B) Re-gifting personal gifts to others.
   (C) Attaching the user’s manual when rewrapping.
   (D) Remove the original gift card before re-gifting.
Thanks to the American Dialect Society, we now have an official name for part-time vegetarians. Starting from 2003, people who mostly dine on vegetables but still consume meat occasionally are called “flexitarians,” a condensation of “flexible” and “vegetarian.” According to Blatner, the author of the 2008 best seller The Flexitarian Diet, “A flexitarian is waking up every day and trying to be more vegetarian.” Blatner also notes that the goal is not to turn everyone into pious vegetarians but to educate the public about a healthier and more eco-friendly way of eating. On the whole, the flexitarian movement is aimed to cut back animal product consumption so as to benefit animal welfare, human health, and the Earth. In 2010, based on a poll conducted by Vegetarian Times, about 30 to 40 percent of Americans are now advocates of this new veggie eating style.

An estimated 65 billion land animals are raised as food worldwide; however, with the growing population in developing nations, many cruel confinement practices are exercised in farm factories to meet the demand of meat lovers. In this case, the intent for eating foods in the lower food chain to protect the welfare of livestock is especially convincing. Today, we are beginning to learn that the flexitarian diet not only saves the lives of many innocent creatures, but it is also far more ecologically friendly to our environment as well. In 2006, U.N. Food and Agriculture Organization stated that animal agriculture was responsible for 18 percent of global greenhouse gas emission, percentage even more than public transportation. Finally, those who consume more plant-based proteins and less meat tend to have lower rates of obesity, heart diseases, and cancer. Studies have even shown that the diet enables people to lose up to 20 pounds within a year without starving or any physical torment. This is because it encourages people to eat healthier by reducing meat consumption and eating more digestible foods such as nuts, fruits, and vegetables. In addition, the natural oil obtained from the flexitarian diet cleans out toxins in our body and keeps our skin well hydrated, which is why most flexitarians usually feel more energetic, young, and beautiful after changing their eating habits.

45. According to the passage, which of the following statements is true about flexitarians?

(A) Up to 30 to 40 percent of the people in the States are against flexitarians.

(B) People who practice flexitarian can lose up to 20 pounds in a year by starving.

(C) Flexitarians are pious vegetarians who have a healthier way of eating.

(D) Flexitarians can still choose to eat meat when they want to.

46. According to the article, how can becoming flexitarians help animal welfare?

(A) Factories would need to plant more vegetables, and animals will also have more to eat.

(B) Less demand of meat might minimize cruel confinement practices in farm factories.

(C) People will start to raise animals as pets rather than consume them as food.

(D) Cutting back animal product consumption lowers the rates of obesity.

47. Why do flexitarians feel young and energetic after changing their eating habits?

(A) The foods consumed dehydrate our skin.

(B) Digestible foods contain lots of natural oil.

(C) The diet helps clean out unwanted toxins.

(D) Plant-based proteins make us obese.

48. What is the purpose of this passage?

(A) To explain the benefits in becoming flexitarians.

(B) To convince people of the importance of eating veggies.

(C) To force the readers to become veggie advocates.

(D) To explain the official meaning of “flexitarian.”
Every year, the Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS, known as UNAIDS, publishes an update on the condition of AIDS expansion. The statistics revealed are then cited by thousands of articles and reports worldwide. However, in April 10, 2006, the program’s credibility was challenged by The Washington Post editor Craig Timberg. The demanding editor questioned the U.N. data and requested for a reexamination of the virus’s advance numbers.

After further confirmation, it was proven that AIDS had developed less than the United Nations had reported, particularly in some parts of Africa. For instance, the proportion infected in South Africa was claimed to be 21.5 percent, considerably higher than the actual 16.2 percent calculated by Timberg. Besides, UNAIDS suggested that in Botswana, 37.3 percent of adults are infected with the HIV virus, while Timberg reported 3 percent less. And while most research confirmed that the infection rate in Rwanda had reached over 30 percent, the United Nations only rated it 3 percent. The revisions of the AIDS data prompted a reinvestigation on the credibility of UNAIDS, which was responsible for the mistaken statistics.

Though the program had revised its numbers based on new studies, those who are concerned with this issue argue that UNAIDS still failed to contemplate good measures in minimizing the spread of AIDS. AIDS experts have highlighted the importance of prevention and education, especially effective strategies in the above mentioned poor countries which suffer from poor intellectual development. AIDS is not the world’s topmost killer; nevertheless, it has posed great threat to some places for its terrifyingly fast growth, which is a tough problem that cannot be neglected.

50. What is the best title for this passage?
(A) Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS
(B) Good Measures in Minimizing AIDS
(C) AIDS Development in Africa
(D) Credibility of UNAIDS Challenged

51. According to Timberg’s finding, the correct HIV infection rate in Botswana was ______.
(A) 37.3 percent
(B) 21.5 percent
(C) 34.3 percent
(D) 16.2 percent

51. According to the article, Timberg was ______ the U.N. reported data.
(A) in favor of
(B) against
(C) neutral about
(D) indifferent to

52. Which of the following is NOT true about the article?
(A) People in Africa are suffering from AIDS infection.
(B) UNAIDS publishes updates on AIDS expansion annually.
(C) AIDS is considered to be the topmost killer worldwide.
(D) Experts stressed the need for AIDS prevention and education.

While watches and wall clocks time the hours and minutes of the day, a biological clock is an internal timing system, regulated by DNA, which controls repeating rhythms and patterns of all living beings. Based on these biological clocks, living creatures seem to measure time internally and adjust their behavior, of course with the possible exceptions of bacteria and viruses.

Why do creatures have internal clocks? One reason is that these biological clocks manage the sequence of tissue and organ development in many kinds of life. Animals must learn how to crawl
and walk before they run. Plants that produce flowers before it grows roots will not survive. Another important reason for biological rhythms is to ensure that the creature is active when food is available. For example, mice are active during the night when food is obtainable and many potential predators are asleep.

Circannual rhythms occur annually. For example, birds prepare for mating as response to the lengthening days of spring. Biological clocks are of significant importance in the migrations of some bird species. The golden plover leaves Alaska in late summer and flies 3,000 kilometers to the Hawaiian Islands, an amazing feat made possible only by combining internal timing information with sightings of the stars and the sun. Also, during autumn, deciduous trees drop their leaves and grow them again in spring. However, the most common biological rhythm is the circadian rhythm, which happens once a day. People practice series of daily rhythms, from the changes in body temperature, the sleep and wakefulness pattern, glandular secretions, to the eliminations of waste. Anyone who has traveled across the Atlantic is aware of jet lag. This is because our biological clock has been shifted and it might take several days for us to readjust to a new local time hour. Surprisingly, research in chronobiology suggests that human body functions are so dependent on these daily patterns that many unpredictable events might actually be predictable. For example, most newborns are delivered in the morning hours, heart attacks are inclined to occur between 6 and 9 a.m., and most Olympic records are broken in the late afternoon.

53 According to the article, an example of the circadian rhythm is _____.
   (A) birds prepare to mate during the coming of spring
   (B) people usually feel jet lag when traveling overseas
   (C) animals learn how to crawl and walk before they run
   (D) plovers migrate from Alaska to the Hawaiian Islands

54 The word “chronobiology” in the last paragraph refers to the study of _____.
   (A) how bacteria and viruses affect the body
   (B) biological needs for humans to survive
   (C) the effect of time on biological rhythms
   (D) how the stars and the sun affect body functions

55 Which of the following is NOT a benefit of the biological clock?
   (A) It helps animals detect different hours of the day.
   (B) It helps migratory animals travel long distances.
   (C) It helps animals to avoid danger when obtaining food.
   (D) It helps body organs function in a proper manner.

56 Which of the following is true about the biological clock?
   (A) Our body temperature is wholly determined by the biological clock.
   (B) It is an internal timing machine controlled by DNA.
   (C) The circannual rhythm occurs once a day.
   (D) The biological clock can correctly detect when heart attacks occur.
第貳部分：非選擇題（占 28 分）

一、中譯英（占 8 分）

說明：
1. 請將以下中文句子譯成正確、通順、達意的英文，並將答案寫在「答案卷」上。
2. 請依序作答，並標明題號。每題 4 分，共 8 分。

1. 在大都市，不論去哪裡都會看到大排長龍的景象。
2. 很多人願意等好幾個小時，只為了買到自己想要的東西。

二、英文作文（占 20 分）

說明：
1. 依提示在「答案卷」上寫一篇英文作文。
2. 文長約 100 至 120 個單詞（words）。

提示：請仔細觀察以下四幅連環圖片的內容，寫出一個涵蓋連環圖片內容並有完整結局的故事。
英文考科詳解

第壹部分：單選題
一、詞彙
1. (B)
   目標：詞彙的了解與運用能力
   解析：考名詞。選項中的「a.b.」搭配可示範出一種職業者對工作的認同。
    (A) 機械 (B) 空間 (C) 油畫 (D) 動物

2. (A)
   難易度：中難易
   目標：詞彙的了解與運用能力
   解析：考動詞。選項中的「a.b.」搭配為一個完整句子。
    (A) 喜愛 (B) 對 (C) 假裝 (D) 即

3. (A)
   難易度：中難易
   目標：詞彙的了解與運用能力
   解析：考名詞。選項中的「a.b.」搭配為一個完整句子。
    (A) 大廈 (B) 科學 (C) 相對 (D) 不出所料

4. (C)
   難易度：中難易
   目標：詞彙的了解與運用能力
   解析：考動詞。選項中的「a.b.」搭配為一個完整句子。
    (A) 設計 (B) 拒絕 (C) 認為 (D) 准許

5. (D)
   難易度：中難易
   目標：詞彙的了解與運用能力
   解析：考名詞。選項中的「a.b.」搭配為一個完整句子。
    (A) 態度 (B) 極端 (C) 認為 (D) 真實

6. (B)
   難易度：易
   目標：詞彙的了解與運用能力
   解析：考形容詞。選項中的「a.b.」搭配為一個完整句子。
    (A) 東方的 (B) 異常的 (C) 源頭的 (D) 煩人的

7. (A)
   難易度：中難易
   目標：詞彙的了解與運用能力
   解析：考動詞。選項中的「a.b.」搭配為一個完整句子。
    (A) 處理 (B) 維持 (C) 以 (D) 遠離

8. (D)
   難易度：易
   目標：詞彙的了解與運用能力
   解析：考形容詞。選項中的「a.b.」搭配為一個完整句子。
    (A) 懷疑的 (B) 樂觀的 (C) 可比較的 (D) 嚴格的

9. (C)
   難易度：中難易
   目標：詞彙的了解與運用能力
   解析：考形容詞。選項中的「a.b.」搭配為一個完整句子。
    (A) 態度 (B) 政治家 (C) 居民 (D) 候選人

10. (A)
    難易度：中難易
    目標：詞彙的了解與運用能力
    解析：考動詞。選項中的「a.b.」搭配為一個完整句子。
    (A) 畫地 (B) 有效 (C) 垂直 (D) 前

11. (B)
    難易度：中難易
    目標：詞彙的了解與運用能力
    解析：考動詞。選項中的「a.b.」搭配為一個完整句子。
    (A) 被 (B) 想 (C) 以 (D) 確認

12. (B)
    難易度：中難易
    目標：詞彙的了解與運用能力
    解析：考動詞。選項中的「a.b.」搭配為一個完整句子。
    (A) 演奏 (B) 繼續 (C) 構想 (D) 演出

13. (B)
    難易度：中難易
    目標：詞彙的了解與運用能力
    解析：考動詞。選項中的「a.b.」搭配為一個完整句子。
    (A) 冷漠 (B) 傳染 (C) 指示 (D) 模仿

14. (B)
    難易度：易
    目標：詞彙的了解與運用能力
    解析：考動詞。選項中的「a.b.」搭配為一個完整句子。
    (A) 領導 (B) 應對 (C) 聲明 (D) 立法委員

15. (A)
    難易度：中難易
    目標：詞彙的了解與運用能力
    解析：考動詞。選項中的「a.b.」搭配為一個完整句子。
    (A) 懷疑的 (B) 樂觀的 (C) 可比較的 (D) 嚴格的
二、綜合測驗
16～21為題組

在青少年中，什麼是時下最新的趨勢呢？今天，青少年一天消耗超過8小時在媒體娛樂上，也就是網路、電視和手機。隨著日益普及的3G科技，每個孩子似乎都有他們自己能上網的平板iPhone。這種先進的功能已大大地改變了孩子們在社會上的互動方式。今天，青少年很少用怡人的下午在公園野餐與朋友聊天。相反的，他們會傳簡訊並以線上即時通做為溝通的方法。青少年已在這些媒體設備中發現樂趣；然而，這種現象已對他們的發展造成極大的問題。孩子們拒絕參加任何家庭聚會。母親們抱怨孩子們發現她們的孩子躺在床上講著電話、父親們反應，他們的孩子就好像住在另一個星球，使用著一個完全不同的溝通方式。如今，家長可能無法學會如何傳簡訊以更好地與他們的孩子溝通。

17. (A)
難易度：中偏易
解析：(A) 每個 (B) 每一個的 (C) 全部 (D) 沒有任何考代名詞用法。同類表示「每一個孩子」，each 每 every 的用法分別為 each of the kids 與 every kid，故選(A)。

18. (D)
難易度：易
解析：(A) 同樣地 (B) 此外 (C) 然而 (D) 相反地考轉折語氣。因前後兩句文意有轉折，故選(D)。

19. (B)
難易度：中偏難
解析：考分詞搭配。find + O + O.C. 孩子睡在床上為主動，故選(B)。

20. (C)
難易度：中偏難
解析：考假設語氣。因為孩子們「不可能居住在」另一個星球，故選(C)。

單字索引

- widescreen adj. 寬屏的 access n. 使用
- advanced adj. 先進的 function n. 功能 means n. 方法
- device n. 設備 addiction n. 成癮 take part in 參加

21～25為題組

美國短吻鱷是種大型的肉食性爬蟲類，生活在陸地上或水中。牠們常常在不流速的死水區被發現，像沼澤、溼地，和沿著從北卡羅萊納州到德克薩斯州的美國東部海岸緩緩流動的溪流。牠們是種非常容易適應環境的物種，並以廣泛的生物為食。幼鱷吃昆蟲、小魚及青蛙，而成鱷則吃小型哺乳類動物，例如狗、貓和豬。母親寧願保護牠們的後代，從不讓自己的孩子離開身邊。

雖然短吻鱷和鱷魚是親緣關係的，但他們在外表上卻是截然不同的。鱷類頭部和較窄的口鼻部的表現相比，美國短吻鱷擁有較寬和較粗的口鼻部。此外，短吻鱷頸部缺乏能露出下頜第四顆長牙的額切口，但鱷魚卻有。

21 (A)
難易度：中偏易
解析：考複合形容詞。可解讀為 streams that move slow，故選(A)。

22 (C)
難易度：中
解析：(A) 長出 (B) 屬於 (C) 以…為食 (D) 實際考片語。因其他三個選項之文意皆不符，故選(C)。

23 (D)
難易度：中偏難
解析：考分詞構句。原為 and never let 省略和改let 為 letting，故選(D)。

24. (D)
難易度：中偏易
解析：(A) 因為 (B) 雖然 (C) 除非 (D) 除了…外考連接詞。因後句文意與前句相較有轉折語氣，故選(B)。

25 (C)
難易度：易
解析：(A) 與…相似 (B) 不是 (C) 與…相比 (D) 與…相反考片語。因為前後兩句文意在比較兩者長相上的差別，故選(C)。

單字索引

- alligator n. 短吻鱷 predatory adj. 肉食性的
- swamp n. 沼澤 marsh n. 溼地
- adaptive adj. 附適應環境的 crocodile n. 鱷魚
- snout n. □鼻部 notch n. 切口
後，你追求完美並不斷努力改飾自己。這種行動就是敬業表現的實踐。

目標：(1)詞彙的了解與運用能力；(2)能觀察文脈發展，掌握詞彙、句法及篇章結構的能力；(3)能觀察篇章段落的文章發展，掌握詞彙及轉折詞運用的能力。

內容：本文內容介紹敬業精神與其三元素

21. (B)
難易度：易
解析：(A)選管 (B)在…中 (C)透過 (D)從事
考察介係詞。因其他三個選項之文意皆不符，故選(B)。

22. (C)
難易度：中偏難
解析：考分詞構句。因為 three main elements 常常是「被用來」作為英文動詞，故選(C)。

23. (A)
難易度：易
解析：(A)絕對 (B)理管 (C)在…方面 (D)不論
考察連接片語。因其他三個選項之文意皆不符，故選(A)。

24. (B)
難易度：易
解析：(A)主觀的 (B)客觀的 (C)消滅性的 (D)透視的
考察形容詞。因其他三個選項之文意皆不符，故選(B)。

25. (A)
難易度：易
解析：(A)努力 (B)想出 (C)支持 (D)不贊同
考察片語。因其他選項之文意皆不符，故選(A)。

單字索引
professionalism n. 敬業精神 restrict n. 限制
code n. 準則 conduct n. 行為 adapt v. 適用於
on behalf of [ ] 代表 integrity n. 誠信
excellence n. 精益求精

三、文章選段
碧昂絲，吉賽兒，諾利斯——以單一名碧昂絲為世界所周知，是個多才多藝的歌手、女演員及時裝設計師。從小，碧昂絲便是當年歌唱比賽及舞蹈比賽的頻繁參賽者。在 1993 年，她便因身為世上最佳的 R&B 女子團體「真命天女」的主唱，成為一個家喻戶曉的名字。然而，這個團體僅支持了八年。在發行她們的最終專輯「燦爛的聖誕季節」後，真命天女發布一項追求個人事業的聲明。

在 2003 年，諾利斯積極推動她的首張個人專輯「危險愛情」——之後在那年成為 5 項葛萊美獎的贏家。直到今天，她已獲得的 16 項葛萊美獎——一個不容挑戰的勝利。除了是位獲獎無數的歌手，碧昂絲也是個具有天分的演員。她的競爭劇電影《夢幻女郎》中為她獲得了一項金球獎提名。身为一位喜愛時尚的人和被認為是會打扮的人之一。在 2005 年，碧昂絲與她的母親蒂娜，諾利斯——同時也是一位時裝設計師和髮型師——推出了一個時尚品牌。在 2010 年，碧昂絲在當
難易度：中偏易
解析：依照文意和常識，此處應選動詞。語意為「最能代表在互聯網上全球最有影響力的音樂人」排名第一」。

單字索引
mononym n. 單名 multitalented adj. 多才多藝的 contestant n. 參賽者 publicize v. 發表 statement n. 聲明 stylist n. 髮型師 influential adj. 有影響力的

四、閱讀測驗
41～44 為題組
假日是留給美味的盛宴和華麗的禮物的。然而，幾乎每個人都有收到「不那麼精彩」的禮物的經驗：一個充滿花香蠟燭的盒子、咖啡杯、相框、茶具，還有最恐怖的是——一個沒有到期日的水果蛋糕！我們常得到竟全沒有用的不必要的禮物，不過除了把它们拿到大型垃圾桶或把它们放在地下室，我們應該試試「禮物循環再造」。不要嚇得目瞪口呆或感到受侮辱！

「禮物循環再造」——也稱為智慧而無用之物的交換——並不被認為是俗氣或無禮的。事實上，這種做法是非常值得讚賞的，前提是你的意圖是適當的。例如，如果有人把你一套豪華的浴室配件，但你的套房甚至沒有一個浴缸呢？你可不把他們放在一個舒適長泡泡浴的朋友？他們必定是會感謝並會利用這曾經是無用之物的禮物。為了表揚這傑出的送禮禮俗：eBay 甚至將 12 月 26 日正式為「全國禮物循環再造日」。在這一週，人們可上傳他們有可有無的物品到它的官網以交換一些他們所缺乏的東西。

只要確保有遵守「禮物循環再造」的黃金守則。這就是，把物品供給那些會不勝感激的人！也就是說，並不是「禮物循環再造」——一臺咖啡機给别人，但那咖啡機需要有新台北的人，或送一片驚悚的 DVD 給怕鬼的人。第二，一定要將禮物保留在它原始包裝。如果那個物品附帶一本指導手冊或指導手冊，確認它們都被貼在盒子上。在其他事項中，包括將驚喜送出前，記得把禮物再包裝並移除原來的禮物卡。最後，避免把「禮物循環再造」一些過於個人的東西，像是自製的禮物和訂製的珠寶，特別是那些刻有你名字的東西。相信你把這些該做與不該做，你不想要看的物品最終會找到屬於它們的那個家。

目標：(1) 詞彙的了解與運用能力；(2) 能依據文意文法，掌握詞彙、句法及篇章結構的能力；(3) 能依章節段落的文章發展，掌握詞彙及轉折詞運用的能力

內容：本文介紹「禮物循環再造」及其準則

41 (D)
難易度：中偏難
解析：在第六行的片語 “white elephant” 代表什麼意思？
(A) 一種天生是白色的特殊大象。
(B) 一種傑出的約會技術。
(C) 一種嘀咕的換禮物方法。
(D) 一種漂亮但無用的物品。

42 (C)
難易度：易
解析：根據文章內容，人們能簡單地藉由下列做什麼，擺脫他們不想要的禮物。
(A) 將物品送出去給贈送它的人。「禮物循環再造」
(B) 將禮物捐給貧困及無家可歸的人。「禮物循環再造」
(C) 將物品重新包裝並將它送給會不勝感激的朋友。「禮物循環再造」
(D) 將禮物丟到垃圾桶或在地下室把它们裝箱。
畜的福利，是特別有說服力的。今天，我們開始知道彈性素食者的飲食方式不僅拯救許多無辜生物的性命，對我們的環境來說它也是更加的環保。在2006年，聯合國糧食暨農業組織指出，畜牧業與18%的全球溫室氣體排放有關，比例甚至高過大眾運輸工具。最後，那些消耗更多植物性蛋白質和更多肉類的人傾向於有更低比例的肥胖、心臟病和癌症。研究已表明，這種飲食方式能使人免於膽囊及身體脂肪的問題。在一年內失去高達20磅。因為它鼓勵人們藉由減少肉類消費率，並吃更多易消化的楊果、水果和蔬菜等而吃得更健康。此外，由彈性素食者飲食方式所獲得的天然油脂，能消除體內的毒素並使我們的皮膚保持充足的水分，這就是為什麼大部分的彈性素食者在改變飲食習慣後常感到精力充沛、更年輕且更美麗。

ii. (1) 詞彙的了解與運用能力；(2) 能依據文章發展，掌握詞彙、句法及篇章結構的能力；(3) 能依篇章段落的文章發展，掌握詞彙及轉折詞運用的能力

內容：本文介紹彈性素食者的飲食方式及其所帶來的影響及效果

46 (1)

難易度：中偏低
解析：根據文章內容，下列有關於彈性素食者的敘述何者正確？
(A) 在美國有高達30%~40%的人反對彈性素食者
(B) 與彈性素食者飲食方式的人能在一年內開始減去高達20磅。
(C) 畜業者是擁有更健康飲食方式的虔誠素食主義者。
(D) 與他人權利仍能在他們想要的時候選擇吃肉與否。

46 (2)

難易度：中偏低
解析：根據文章內容，為什麼成為彈性素食者能幫助動物福利？
(A) 培養會種種更多蔬菜，而動物也因此吃得更多蔬菜。
(B) 非洲的肉類需求量能減少農場工廠中殘酷的飼養做法。
(C) 人們將開始轉向動物以有殺注動物，而非將牠們當成食物。
(D) 減少動物產量消耗量能降低肥胖的比率。

47 (c)

難易度：中偏低
解析：為什麼彈性素食者改變飲食習慣後會感到更年輕且精力充沛？
(A) 被消耗的食物使我們的皮膚乾燥。
(B) 易消化的食物含有大量的天然油。
(C) 這種飲食方式使我們清潔不想要的毒素。
(D) 植物蛋白質使得我們肥料。

48 (a)

難易度：中偏難
解析：這篇文章內容的目的是什麼？
(A) 解釋成為彈性素食者帶來的益處。
(B) 使我們信仰吃素的重要性。
(C) 強調素食成為素食提倡者。
(D) 解釋彈性素食者的官方解釋。

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每年，聯合國愛滋病規劃署——簡稱 UNAIDS ——都會發布關於愛滋病擴散情況的更新。然而這份被揭示的統計數據會被全球數以千計的文章和報導引用。然而，在2006年4月10日，該方案的信譽受到強烈的挑戰。鹳伯格質疑，要求嚴格的編輯質疑聯合國的數據，並要求重新審查病毒的進一步的數字。經過進一步的確認，愛滋病被確診發展得比聯合國所報告的遜劣，特別是在非洲的某些地區。例如，在非洲的瘟疫案例被宣佈有21.5%，遠遠高於實際上提伯格所計算的14.2%。此外，UNAIDS 表明在博茨瓦納有37.3%的成年女性被感染愛滋病病毒，而提伯格所報告的則少了3%。雖然大部分研究證實，在盧安達的感染率已經超過30%，但聯合國只將其評估為3%。愛滋病數據的修正促使對 UNAIDS 信譽的重新調查——是錯誤數據的緣由。

雖然該方案已經以新的研究為基礎修訂其數字，那些希望這項正確的人認為 UNAIDS 仍沒有專注於縮減愛滋病擴散的好措施。愛滋病專家強調了預防及教育的重要性，特別是對於上述所提及的，遭受貧窮智力發展的貧困國家的有效策略。愛滋病不是世上最高的殺手；然而，因為那可怕的迅速延長能力——一個不容忽視的棘手問題——它已對某些地區造成極大的威脅。

ii. (1) 測驗學生閱讀新聞英語的能力；(2) 詞彙的了解與運用能力；(3) 能依據文章發展，掌握詞彙、句法及篇章結構的能力；(4) 能依據文章發展，掌握詞彙及轉折詞運用的能力；(5) 推理論證的能力

內容：本文介紹 UNAIDS 並舉例指出其所提供的錯誤數據及其對應措施

49 (1)

難易度：中偏低
解析：何者為這篇文章的最佳標題？
(A) 聯合國愛滋病規劃署
(B) 減少愛滋病的好方法
(C) 華盛頓在非洲的發展
(D) UNAIDS 的信譽遭受質疑
50. C:
解释：根据地方官的发现，在北常温的正确是________。
(A) 37.3% (B) 21.5% (C) 34.3% (D) 16.2%

51. B
解释：根据地方官的发现，提格伯格_______联合国所报导的数据。
(A) 支持 (B) 反对 (C) 保持中立 (D) 不关心

52. C
解释：下列有关文章的表达何者不正确？
(A) 在非洲的人正遭受爱滋病的感染。
(B) UNAIDS 每年会发布关于爱滋病扩散的更新。
(C) 爱滋病被批评为是世界较高的杀手。
(D) 专家强调关于爱滋病预防与教育的需求。

53. 程度
解释：虽然手錶和掛鐘在一个小时的分秒之间，被 DNA 操控的事物时钟却是一个内部的计时系统——控制着一切基因重複的律动及模式。以这些生物时钟为基础，生物似乎都是由内部测量时间并调整他们的行为，当然也有如细菌及病毒般可能的例外。

为什麼生物有内部时钟呢？其中一个重要原因，在于多细胞生物中，这些生物时钟管理着组织及器官的发育顺序。动物必须在跑步前学习何时爬行和行走。在生根前开花的植物则不会生根。另一个与生物节律相关的重大原因则是，保证生物在有食物供应的环境中是安全的。例如，老鼠和鱼类在食物可获得且可能的掠食者都在睡眠的夜间活动。

54. C
解释：根据文章内容，昼夜节律的例子之一是________。
(A) 海鸟在春天来临时会开发助配
(B) 人们通常在海外旅行时感到有时间差
(C) 动物在跑步前学习何时爬行和行走
(D) 徒步者从阿拉斯加迁徙到夏威夷群岛

55. A
解释：在最後一段的単字“chronobiology”與________研究有关。
(A) 细菌和病毒如何影响身体。
(B) 人类为了存活的生理需求。
(C) 时间对生理节律的影响。
(D) 星星和太阳如何影响生理機能。

56. A
解释：下列何者不是生理时钟的好處之一？
(A) 它幫助动物們预测一天中不同时间。
(B) 它帮助植物在夜晚时僱佣。
(C) 它幫助動物在覓食时避开危险。
(D) 它幫助身體器官以適當的方式运作。

57. B
解释：下列有关生物时钟的選项何者正確？
(A) 我们的體温全部由生物時鐘決定。
(B) 它是由 DNA 控制的內部計時機器。
(C) 近年節律一天發生一次。
(D) 生理時鐘能夠在心臟發病時正確的偵測到它。

58. 程度
解释：time n. 計時 regulate v. 控制 rhythm n. 節律 pattern n. 模式 sequence n. 顺序 tissue n. 組織 obtainable adj. 可獲得的 circannual rhythm n. 近年節律 lengthening adj. 延長的 golden plover n. 金斑鶇 deciduous tree n. 落葉喬木 circadian rhythm n. 昼夜節律 glandular secretion n. 腺體分泌

第贰部分：非选择題
一、中譯英

1. In big cities, on matter where (anywhere) we go, we can often see (the scene of) crowds of people waiting in line.
2. A lot of people are willing to wait for many hours just to buy the things that they want.

評分標準
1. 本題總分8分，每小題滿分4分。
2. 每題分四段落，每段落占1分。
3. 每個錯誤扣0.5分，各自獨立，扣完為止。
4. 相同之拼字錯誤只扣一次，各段落之拼字錯誤最多扣1分。
5. 每題大小寫、標點最多扣0.5分。

二、英文作文

Last night, I dreamed a thrilling dream. I dreamed that I went to the new-open amusement park with my best friend, Sue. We were both extremely excited when we stepped into the amusement park, holding balloons and lollipops in our hands. Sue grabbed my arm and happily told me that she wanted to try the roller coaster first. Though I was always afraid of thrilling things like roller coasters, I agreed to do so. After lining up for almost an hour, we couldn’t wait to sit in the first cart of the roller coaster, excitedly yelling and waving our arms in ecstasy. In about a minute, the roller coaster started to move slowly, and then dived at an amazing speed. With the screaming running through both my ears, I turned to my left to see whether Sue enjoyed the thrill. To my horror, there was nobody sitting next to me! I became dumfounded, only wanting to get out of the cart and find out what’s going on. After leaving the roller coaster, I walked alone for about ten minutes, pondering over any possibilities of Sue’s disappearance. All of a sudden, I heard somebody crying and raised my head toward the source of it. Shocked, I couldn’t say a word with my jaw falling to the ground. Sue was being held in the air with her shirt hooked on the rail of the roller coaster! She struggled to get out of there, but it only made the condition worse. It was at the moment she fell from the place she was just hooked on that I woke up with my forehead seriously covered with cold sweat.

After the horrible nightmare, I can only say that whether in the reality or not, to be more careful is always much better.

評分原則
1. 評分標準為內容（5分）、組織（5分）、文法句構（4分）、字彙拼字（4分）、標點（2分）。若字數不足，扣1分；未分段，扣1分；評分重點：「組織架構」與「內容」占總分的一半或以上，整體性的錯誤只會扣一分，例如詞彙錯誤只扣一分。
2. 學測考簡體字內容組織的發展是否具創意；指考命題作文偏重敘述文的描述與個人經驗表達，給分關鍵在於表達能力好不好。

英文作文分項式評分指標

<table>
<thead>
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<th>項目</th>
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<tr>
<td>內容</td>
<td>主題（句）清楚切題，並有具體、完整的相關細節支持。（5～4分）</td>
<td>主題不夠清楚或突顯，部分相關敘述發展不全。（3分）</td>
<td>主題不明，大部分相關敘述發展不全或與主題無關。（2～1分）</td>
<td>文不對題或沒寫（凡文不對題或沒寫者，其他各項均以零分計算）。（0分）</td>
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<tr>
<td>組織</td>
<td>重點分明，有開頭、發展、結尾，前後連貫，轉承語使用得當。（5～4分）</td>
<td>重點安排不妥，前後發展比例與轉承語使用欠缺。（3分）</td>
<td>重點不明、前後不連貫。（2～1分）</td>
<td>全文無組織或未依提示寫作。（0分）</td>
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<tr>
<td>文法、句構</td>
<td>全文無文法錯誤，文句結構變化。（4分）</td>
<td>文法錯誤少，且未影響文意之表達。（3分）</td>
<td>文法錯誤多，且明顯影響文意之表達。（2～1分）</td>
<td>全文文法錯誤嚴重，導致文意不明。（0分）</td>
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<tr>
<td>字彙、拼字</td>
<td>用字精確、得宜，且無拼字錯誤。（4分）</td>
<td>字詞單調、重複，用字稀有不當，少許拼字錯誤，但不影響文意之表達。（3分）</td>
<td>用字、拼字錯誤多，明顯影響文意之表達。（2～1分）</td>
<td>只寫出或抄襲與題意有關的零碎字詞。（0分）</td>
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<td>體例</td>
<td>格式、標點、大小寫無錯誤。（2分）</td>
<td>格式、標點、大小寫等有錯誤，但不影響文意之表達。（1分）</td>
<td>郊外基本的寫作體例或格式、標點、大小寫等錯誤甚多。（0分）</td>
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